

# Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. XVI. No. 10.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, MONDAY DECEMBER 4TH, 1893.

SEMI-WEEKLY, 4 PAGES.

## LOCAL.

GRIP has appeared in town.  
WHEELS are again in order.  
INDIAN SUMMER weather to-day.  
SEVERAL children have whooping cough.  
EASTERN excursions commenced on Friday last.  
FEASER & CO.'s lumber men will start for the woods to-morrow.  
DR. ROYAL has been laid up for some time by inflammation of the lungs.  
J. E. FORSLUND and E. L. TAYLOR returned to Winnipeg on Friday's train.

A CHINOOK last night took away what little sleighing there was in town.

TELEGRAPH line blew down last night somewhere between here and Calgary.

The attendance at the winter assemblies on Friday night was not as large as usual.

JOS. BAUMERAN, a former resident of Edmonton, arrived on Thursday's train, from Calgary.

H. DULMAGE, brother of Miss Dulmage, Edmonton, arrived from Saskatoon on Thursday's train.

THE CHINOOK wind of last night was felt at Battleford and sent the thermometer up to 45 above.

TRAVELLING auditor Western of the C. P. R. arrived on last Monday's train and went out on Friday.

NINE cars of coal were shipped to Calgary, two to Innisfail and one to Lacombe during November.

S. S. TAYLOR, barrister, left for Regina on Friday's train, to attend the sittings of the supreme court there.

FRIDAY'S train took out a car of timothy hay to Donald, B. C., a car of coal to Olds and a car of coal to Calgary.

J. W. KELLY returned last week from Stratford, Ontario, where he has been attending the winter college.

R. MCKERNAN made the first shipment of timothy hay ever made from Edmonton on Friday's train. It went to Donald, B. C.

W. W. DAVIDSON, western manager for the Massey-Harris company, arrived on Thursday's train from Calgary accompanied by Mrs. Davidson.

P. J. NOLAN, barrister, arrived from Calgary on Thursday to take the case of James Crockett, charged with obtaining goods under false pretences.

H. WILSON is occupying Parrish's new building, South Edmonton, as a dry goods store. The upper story of the building is being fitted up as a hall.

REV. MR. BARKER of Red Deer arrived on Thursday's train and preached the anniversary sermons in the Methodist church yesterday to large congregations.

GOODS under false pretences the prosecution was withdrawn and the prisoner discharged. J. C. F. Bown for plaintiffs, P. J. Nolan for defendant.

THE SALVATION ARMY held a meeting in the Presbyterian church, Fort Saskatchewan, on Friday evening. There was a good attendance. The collection was in aid of the rescue work of the army.

A 16-horse portable engine and boiler with saw and shingle machinery, arrived on Thursday's train for M. McCauley, who proposes to use it in sawing lumber for settlers at Beaver lake and other settlements which are so far from town as to make the hauling of lumber a heavy tax.

THERE is still a space of open water at the lower ferry landing on the north side. Travel now goes by way of the electric light station or by Fraser & Co.'s mill. This open water, being located at a point where there is great danger of people not acquainted with the fact of its existence driving into it, should be fenced.

A SPECIAL train bringing Supt. Whyte's official car, arrived on Friday morning about eight o'clock. The official party were traffic manager Robert Kerr, superintendent Wm. Whyte, divisional superintendent J. Niblock, master mechanic Mr. Cross and Mr. McMillivray Mr. Whyte's private secretary. The party were driven over to town by Mayor McCauley and returned to go south with the train at 2 p. m.

An elegant Edmonton souvenir card has been produced by C. W. Mathers, photo artist, Edmonton. The card is of cabinet size and contains eight beautiful views, including Main street from the east, the river in front of town, the mill flat, gold washing on the bar, the roller mill, South Edmonton, and three farm scenes. A photo of the mayor also appears. This card is most attractive in appearance and does the highest credit to the artist.

THE RAYMOND HOTEL, South Edmonton, will be opened on Thursday of this week in time for the train. The hotel has twenty-two bed rooms, large dining room and billiard room, is heated with hot air on all three floors and is well finished and complete in every particular. No expense has been spared in the furnishing, which is second to none in the territories. The outside appearance of the hotel is as attractive as the inside is commodious. The proprietor is entitled to every credit for the enterprise which he has shown in providing such excellent accommodation for the travelling public.

IT has been suggested that a more complete system of fire alarms than that recently approved by the council would be to adopt the telephone system as a fire alarm. By removing the telephone central to the fire hall notice of a fire could be given at any hour of the day or night from any telephone on the system. The objection to this proposition would be that in case of an alarm being given at night, it might be difficult for the person desiring to give the alarm to get access to the telephone. But on the other hand in the case of an ordinary fire alarm box the occupants of the house or office in which the key would be kept would have to be aroused in order that the key might be got with which to unlock the alarm box so that the alarm might be given; and no more than that would be necessary with the telephone. On the other hand instead of having only half a dozen fire alarms there would be several dozen.

## SALVATION ARMY SELF-DENIAL.

Communicated.  
As already remarked the efforts being put forth by the Salvationists to make this a real success are prodigious and cannot fail to bring a very gratifying result. Contributors are reminded that \$25 will support a girl in the rescue home for three months, and \$50 will maintain an entire rescue home with thirty inmates for one week.

December 4th, 1893.

## GENERAL NEWS.

The Nelson and Fort Sheppard track is completed and a regular train service will commence on December 6.

Calgary Herald: The grip has attacked many people in and about Revelstoke, and there have been a number of cases of mountain fever in that district.

Reported that the German planters in Samoa are about to sell out to a British-Australian company. This would settle the question of political supremacy in favor of Britain.

Two British soldiers died recently from exposure near Portsmouth, England. They had just returned from Aden, Arabia, and were lightly clad. The war department is being severely censured.

It is reported that if the government continues to put off the appointment Mr. R. S. White, M. P. for Cardwell, to the Montreal collectorship much longer, that he will resign anyway and pitch up the whole business.

Calgary Herald: The proprietors of the Innisfail creamery are jubilant over the success they have met with and propose starting a branch establishment some miles out of that thriving town. They intend to bring in a number of cows to be disposed of on reasonable terms to such settlers as wish to take advantage of the opportunity.

Winnipeg Tribune: C. H. Rodberg, of Brussels, who went west early in the spring with Count Von Cameron of Brussels, has returned on his way home. Mr. Rodberg spent the summer with his cousins, who are ranching near Wetaskiwin. After a few days in town he will return to Brussels, where he will furnish a number of articles for the leading newspapers.

The Calgary Herald has a most uncalled for, inappropriate and insulting allusion to the Edmonton band. It does not like the uniform adopted. As the uniform did not cost the Herald, or any one else other than the members of the band, anything, it might have confined its ill-national criticism to matters more nearly concerning it. This band does not exist for the purpose of showing off its uniform as the Herald hints, but to play good music, which it does, in a manner not exceeding mediocrity.

The Baroness Burdett-Coutts has endowed not fewer than three Anglican bishoprics. They are those of Cape Town, South Africa; Adelaide, South Australia, and British Columbia. In addition to this she has given \$250,000 to the clergy of British Columbia, while \$450,000 was expended in the construction of St. Stephen's church, Westminster, in memory of her father. Three other metropolitan churches were built by her, and yet this is but a small portion of the money she has given to charity and benevolence.

A Washington dispatch indicates that the proposed new tariff bill will make sweeping reductions. The substitution of a ad valorem duty of 25 cent, for a specific rate on sugar, together with the abolition of the bounty, will, it is estimated, add \$30,000,000 a year to the revenue. If to this be added an income tax with a revenue of sixty million more, together with what may accrue from an increased tax on whiskey, it will be seen that provision has been made for a deficit of upwards of \$100,000,000. A revenue so enormous will permit material reductions in rates all along the line, and these, from the best information obtainable, it seems the purpose of the committee to make.

Free Press: We see that the old cry concerning want of fuel in Manitoba has not died out. It was raised when there was not an ounce of coal used outside Winnipeg and when coal in Winnipeg cost \$18 to \$20 a ton. Estevan coal of good quality is supplied now at \$4.25 a ton, much less than half the price of anthracite, and there are several offices and houses in the city heated exclusively by coal from Estevan. In these cases those using it find that it burns brightly and steadily, and is much more economical than anthracite. It is sheer nonsense to talk about want of fuel and attempt to decry the country on that account while good serviceable coal is delivered at a little over \$4 a ton.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NE. NO. 8 cook stove for sale low. Apply to H. W. NASH, South Edmonton.

CASH. CASH.

20% OFF 20% OFF  
TAKE NOTICE.

On and after December 5th, I will offer my entire stock of DRY GOODS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,  
CROCKERY

at a reduction of

20 per cent for Cash ONLY.

Highest Cash price paid for oats.

JOHN CAMERON.

## HERE! HERE!

For Clubs  
of four Cabinet Photos  
can be had at  
\$4.50 a doz.  
for  
DEC. only

—AND—

a beautiful Souvenir Card of the Edmonton District can also be had for 25c. Come and see them.

Yours truly,  
C. W. MATHERS, PHOTOGRAPHER.

## XMAS.

Groceries and Confectionery.

Just received a choice stock of Fancy Groceries and Confectionery consisting of

Tea (Camellia Tea), Coffees, Sugars, Syrups, Gooches, Raisins, Currents, Candied Peals, Minced Meat, Cates, Jams, Jellies, Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Marmalades, Condens'd Milk, Cocoa and Milk, Singapore Pineapples, Royal Yester Cakes, French Mustard, Pickles, Biscuits, French Powders, Vinegar, Sodas, Pearling Salt, Salmon Etc., Etc., Etc.

TOBACCO, PIPES, PAUCHEES, ETC.

POULTRY, CHICKEN, ETC.

POULTRY CHICKEN.

(Registered).

PAVINE'S Perfection, now ready for service. JAS. HUFFE, Proprietor, Near the Eclipse stables, Fraser Avenue.

Young pigs. Registered Poland China, for sale.

## TENDERS.

Will be received at the office of the Electric Light Co. until noon of the 8th December for the supply of coal from 1st January until 1st November, 1894. Further particulars may be had from the undersigned.

ST. GEO. JELLETT,  
Secy-Treas.

RENTS COLLECTED. HIGHEST REFERENCES.  
Office over John Cameron's Store.

P.O. BOX 25. EDMONTON, Alberta.

## W. J. RICHARDSON,

GENERAL COMMISSION, INSURANCE AND  
REAL ESTATE AGENT,

REPRESENTING:-

The Montreal Rolling Mills—Hardware,  
The Canadian Mfg. Co.'s Saw Mill Machinery,  
McGraw, Gandy & Co.'s—Plates, Etc.

W. Millican Sons & Co.'s Saw Cases Etc.

Tait's Sangles and Saw Mills—B. C. Lumber.

The Standard Life Assurance Company.

The London Guarantee and Accident Company.

Dominion Plate Glass Co.

RENTS COLLECTED. HIGHEST REFERENCES.

Office over John Cameron's Store.

P.O. BOX 25. EDMONTON, Alberta.

Pressed Brick,

125,000 pressed brick for sale and now ready for

manufacture on a large scale, and hope to receive a

large number of orders from the public.

Another kiln of 150,000 being commenced, which will be ready at an early date.

LITTLE & MALONEY.

Has a fine assortment of

LADIES', GENTS' AND CHILDREN'S

Hosiery and Underwear,

FUR CAPES AND MUFFS, ENGLISH FLAN-

NELETS, &c., &c.

—FRASER AVENUE, EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

## AUCTION SALE.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a Chattle Mortgage made by Joseph Cousineau to Lafferty & Morris and S. S. Taylor I have seized the following Goods and Chattels:

1 One Team Grey Mares.  
2 One Team Black.  
3 One Grey Horse.  
4 One Brown Horse aged.

5 Twelve Head Horned Stock.

6 One Balm Wagon.

7 One Set Heavy Boys.

8 Five Horses.

9 Thirty Head.

10 One Brantner Binder.

11 One Hay Rake.

12 One Set Disc Harrows.

13 Two Ploughs.

14 One Set Iron Harrows.

15 Three Sets D. W. Harness.

16 One Saddle.

17 Five hundred bushels Grain, Oats, Wheat and Barley.

18 Tools and Implements, in use on Farm.

19 Twenty-five tons of Hay.

20 One Bay horse colt, 2 yrs. old.

Which I will offer for Sale by Public Auction at

Jos. Cousineau's, Morinville,

At the hour of 10 a.m., on

Thursday, Nov. 30th, 1893.

TERMS:—3 and 6 Months by furnishing approved joint or endorsed Notes bearing 10 per cent interest.

—Apply to—

W. S. ROBERTSON, or S. S. & H. C. TAYLOR,

Deputy-Sheriff. Mortgagors' Solicitors

Dated this 16th day of November, 1893.

## Sleights. Sleights.

AT—

WALTER & CROCKART,

UPPER FERRY CROSSING, EDMONTON.

100 heavy BOB SLEIGHS,

—ALSO

Light driving Bob Sleights,

Cutters and Jumpers,

All made from imported material.

Sleights made to order and to suit customers.

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

Public Notice is hereby given that at the next session of the Dominion Parliament an application will be made on behalf of the Municipality of the Town of Edmonton for an amendment to the North-West Territories Act, No. 32 of 1892, of the North-West Territories, substituting for the same such new provisions or variations or restrictions that may be prescribed in or by such Act, and incorporating a joint stock company for the purpose of operating or constructing and operating or of owning, constructing and operating in the vicinity of the said Municipality, or authorizing the incorporation of such a Company by Letters Patent.

Dated at Edmonton, N.W.T.,

October 26, 1893.

BECK & EMERY,

Advocates for the Municipality of the Town of Edmonton.

—NOTIE

THE LIQUOR LICENSE ORDINANCE 1891-92 AND

AMENDMENTS.

NORTHWEST TERRITORIES.

The Board of License Commissioners for License District No. 8 will meet in James McDonald's Real Estate Office, Edmonton, on Tuesday, December 19th, at 10 o'clock a.m., for consideration of the following application, viz:—

Lindow & Grindley, Building situated on Lot No. 8, Block No. 1, Fort Saskatchewan, Wholesale License.

Dated at Edmonton this 29th day of Nov., A.D. 1893.

J. C. POPE,

Chief License Inspector.

## NOTIE

The voters' lists of the Town of Edmonton are now

prepared and may be seen at the Clerk's office.

A. G. RANDALL, Clerk.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES AND DRUGGISTS

SUNDRIES, Cheap or Cash at

ROSS' Drug Store,

Next Door to Post Office.

Clark's White Linament, the best Linament made for

Horses, \$6. a bottle.

GLOVER & ANDREWS'

MUSIC STORE.

All kinds of Musical Instruments, Sheet Music, Et

SEWING MACHINES,

Piano Tuning & Specialty.

JASPER Avenue.

NOTIE

THE LIQUOR LICENSE ORDINANCE 1891-92 AND

AMENDMENTS.

NORTHWEST TERRITORIES.

The Board of License Commissioners for License

District No. 8 will meet in James McDonald's Real

Estate Office, Edmonton, on Tuesday, December 19th,

at 10 o'clock a.m., for

**EDMONTON BULLETIN.**

(SEM-WEEKLY.)

Printed Monday and Thursday evenings.  
Subscription \$2 a year, in advance.

Transient advertisements: Five lines and under, three insertions and under \$1, or 10 cents a line 1st insertion and 5 cents a line each week or part of week after.

Standing advertisement—50 cents a line for 3 months.

FRANK OLIVER, — PROPRIETOR.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, DECEMBER 4th, 1893.

**NORTHWEST SCHOOL ORDINANCE.**

The *Calgary Tribune* of latest issue has a long article from the *Toronto Globe* on the Northwest school question in which the following very misleading sentence occurs: "It is quite clear from the above facts that the separate schools of the Northwest Territories are now separate in name only," the inference being that the Northwest assembly has legislated or attempted to legislate away the right to separate schools enjoyed by the religious minority in the Northwest under the Northwest Territories act. Nothing could be further from the truth. The letter and spirit of the act regarding separate schools have been embodied in the present school ordinance, and if the ordinance is disallowed it will not be because it has trespassed upon any right of the religious minority conferred by statute but because it does not confer other rights or privileges neither mentioned in nor contemplated by the act. It is true that the ordinance passed in December, 1892, made some very important changes in the school law of the Territories, and it may be that those changes are not pleasing to all sections of the community, but they are strictly in accord with the provisions of the Northwest act, and must be judged on their merits as they affect the cause of education in the Northwest for good or ill, and on those grounds alone. It is more than possible that the legislation then passed was not perfect. If so it can be amended without being destroyed by disallowance as has been suggested. The section of the Northwest act relating to schools reads as follows:

"The lieutenant governor in council shall pass all necessary ordinances in respect to education, but if shall therein always be provided that a majority of the ratepayers of any district or portion of the Territories or of any less portion or subdivision thereof, by whatever name the same is known, may establish such schools therein as they think fit and make the necessary assessment and collection of rates therefor; and also that the minority of the ratepayers therein whether Protestant or Roman Catholic may establish separate schools therein—and in such case the ratepayers establishing such Protestant or Roman Catholic separate schools shall be liable only to assessments of such rates as they impose upon themselves in respect thereof."

The evident intent of this section is, not to remove the school system of the Territories from the control or responsibility of the general body of electors, and divide it into two so-called public and separate systems, but simply and solely to give the individual ratepayer the opportunity to protect his religious faith in his children, by allowing him under suitable circumstances, to establish and maintain schools in which the religious faith in which he believes will be taught, and not that in which he does not believe. There is no hint at any difference being allowed in the schools other than in religious matters, and this division is fully and completely provided for by the present Northwest ordinance. Where the Roman Catholics are in a majority in any district the school is called a Roman Catholic school and the religious teaching allowed for a full hour each day is unrestricted by any government regulation. Where a Roman Catholic separate school is established the same rule prevails. Outside of purely religious instruction the course of study, the qualification of teachers, the regulations of the council of public instruction generally are practically the same for all schools, whether public or separate, Protestant or Roman Catholic; and why should they not be on any ground of public policy? Indeed on every ground of public policy they should be the same, so that a child attending one state aided and regulated school will have equal opportunities with children attending other state aided and regulated schools.

The chief difference between the system in force up to January 1st, 1893 and that now in force is that the present system is under the direct control

of the executive committee, which is responsible to the assembly and therefore to the people at large, while the former system was under the control of an appointed board who held office for a fixed term and were not responsible to any one. The demand for a change of system arose from a feeling that more money was being paid for education than value was being given for, and that it was necessary to institute a more active management than was possible through the indirect channel of the board of education. In doing away with the board of education many of their regulations were also done away, the idea being to simplify and render more efficient the work done. Possibly the board, constituted as it was to as very large extent of clergymen of different denominations, had paid more attention to religious differences than the Northwest act contemplated or than the public good warranted, but they had not paid one iota more attention to the actual teaching of religion, either Protestant or Roman Catholic according to the views of the majority of the ratepayers of the school district, than is paid under the present ordinance. From the fact that the board of education was largely composed of clergymen and from their having control of school affairs the idea that the schools should be controlled by church men or by the church itself took strong hold. But church control as exercised under the old board of education is a very different matter from religious toleration as provided for in the Northwest act and in the present ordinance. While religious toleration to a reasonable extent meets the views of a large majority of the people of this country the control of schools by any church or number of churches does not. In passing the present ordinance the Northwest assembly had no desire to violate the provisions of the Northwest act in letter or spirit or in any way to trespass upon the religious views of the minority, but they did desire to pass an ordinance that would give these territories an efficient school system at a moderate cost—something they did not have before.

**RAILWAY RATES AGAIN.**

The visit on Tuesday of Messrs Kerr and Whyte, traffic manager and superintendent of the C. P. R. respectively, was felt to be an opportune time for the discussion of the question of the possibility of a reduction in the rates on produce from Edmonton to the Pacific coast and intermediate points. Mayor McCauley met the party at the station and arranged for an interview with as many of the business men of the town on the subject as could be got together in a short time. At eleven o'clock, Messrs Kerr, Whyte, Niblock and Cross arrived at the Alberta hotel and were met by a large representative body of citizens and business men. Amongst those present were Mayor McCauley, and councilors, McDougall, Strang, Goodridge and Gallagher. John Cameron, president of the board of trade, A. Prince and Frank Oliver, M. L. A's., G. R. E. Kirkpatrick, manager of the Imperial bank, T. W. Lines, grain merchant, J. B. Spurr, editor of the Times, J. H. Picard, James McDonald, Thos. Bellamy, and a number of others. Mayor McCauley said that the question it was desired to discuss was that of railway rates on Edmonton produce going south and west. We had been doing a good deal of talking on the subject and now we had present the men we wanted to talk to. The question of grain rates to the Pacific coast was then discussed, the rates on coal and hay to Calgary, the rate on vegetables to points in Southern Alberta and interior British Columbia. Mr. Kerr alluded to the fact that rates to the coast had recently been reduced. In reply it was pointed out that the rates were fixed on a local basis, which did not admit of business being done, and that as this district could not by reason if its great distance and present low prices avail itself of the export rates given east, its prosperity and further progress required that export rates west should be given. After much discussion this principle was conceded by Messrs. Kerr and Whyte. The question of coal, hay and vegetable rates to Calgary was then taken up. As those present were not posted on these branches of business, Messrs. Whyte and Kerr suggested that a proposition be made to a reduction in rates be prepared and laid before them giving the reasons therefor and they would give the matter their best consideration. A committee consisting of Messrs J. Cameron, C. F. Strang, T. W. Lines and F. Oliver was appointed to communicate with Messrs. Kerr and Whyte with a view to securing

such freight rates on grain to the Pacific coast and on coal, hay and vegetables to Southern Alberta and interior British Columbia as would admit of business being done.

The question of a bridge across the Saskatchewan was then discussed. Supt. Whyte expressed himself strongly in favor of a bridge and if possible a railway and traffic bridge, but at the same time could not promise any active assistance from the company.

The question of train service was then taken up. The blame of the delays of last summer was laid on the close connections with the main line trains. Supt. Whyte pointed out that it was a matter for the people to choose whether they desired close connections, with the possibility of delays, or a break in the connection at Calgary as at present and punctual service. No encouragement was given for an improvement in the train accommodation or of a change from the present mixed to a purely passenger train in the near future. Improvement in the accommodation would depend upon the increase of traffic.

After some further desultory discussion the interview closed and the railway men returned to their train, which left for the south at 2 p.m.

T. B. HENDERSON,  
**MERCHANT TAILOR,**  
Across from J. A. McDougall's Store.  
—GOOD WORK AND LOW PRICES—

**Pressed Brick,**

125,000 pressed brick for sale and now ready for delivery. The undersigned are prepared to manufacture brick on a large scale, and hope to receive a fair share of the public patronage. Another kiln of 150,000 brick being commenced, which will be ready at an early date.

LITTLE &amp; MALONEY.

**GEO. H. WHARTON**

Has a fine assortment of  
LADIES', GENTS' AND CHILDREN'S  
Hosiery and Underwear,  
FUR CAPES AND MUFFS, ENGLISH FLAN-  
NELETS, &c., &c.  
—FRASER AVENUE, EDMONTON, ALBERTA—

**Notice of Assignment**

NOTICE is hereby given that M. G. Connor, of Edmonton, furniture dealer, did on the 24th day of November, 1893, assign to me all his real and personal property now existing from whence, bonds, notes and book debts, &c., for the benefit of his creditors.

THOMAS BELLAMY,  
Assignee.**Where to get them.**

The choicest stock of Groceries and Confectionery, consisting of Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Syrups, Spices, Sances, Honey, Washing compounds, Soaps, Brooms, Rolled Oats, Salt, Raisens, Currents, Canned Goods, Icing sugar, Peeling Chocolate, Flavoring Extracts, Biscuits, Etc. The purest Cream Candy and the most delicious Chocolates. I give more value for your money.

Give me a call.

Tobaccos, Cigars and Cigarettes always on hand a

W. J. IBBOTSON'S,  
GROCER AND CONFECTIONER.  
MAIN STREET, EDMONTON N.

**H. A. FINCH.**  
Headquarters for Harness,  
Saddles, &c.  
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF  
ROBES and BLANKETS

JUST ARRIVED.

Quality second to none.

—Don't fail to see them and get Prices—

SURCINGLES, CURRY COMBS,  
BRUSHES, WHIPS, COLLARS, SWEAT PADS  
AND SLEIGH BELLS.Harness made to Order. First-class Stock  
and Workmanship guaranteed.

—REPAIRING DONE.—

**AUCTION SALE.**

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a Chit and Agreement made by Joseph Cousineau & Son and S. S. & T. Taylor I have seized the following Goods and Chattels:

- One Team Grey Mares.
- One Grey Mare, 2 yrs. old.
- One Grey Horse.
- One Brown Horse aged.
- Twelve Head Horned Stock.
- One Bain Wagon.
- One Set Heavy Bobs.
- Thirty Heads.
- One Brantford Binder.
- One Hay Rake.
- One Set Disc Harrows.
- Two Ploughs.
- One Set Disc Harrows.
- One Set Disc Harrows.
- Three Set D. W. Harness.
- One Saddle.
- Five hundred bushels Grain, Oats, Wheat and Barley.
- Tools and Implements, in use on Farm.
- Twenty-five tons of Hay.
- One Bay horse Colt, 2 yrs. old.

Which I will offer for Sale by Public Auction at

Jos. Cousineau's, Morinville,

At the hour of 10 a.m., on

Thursday, Nov. 30th, 1893

TERMS.—3 and 6 Months by furnishing approved joint  
or endorsed Notes bearing 10 per cent interest.

—Apply to—

W. S. ROBERTSON, or S. S. &amp; H. C. Taylor,

Deputy-Sheriff. Mortgagee's Solicitors.

Dated this 16th day of November, 1893.

**A Penny Saved is a Penny Made.**

If you want to buy a Fur Cap come in and see our stock.  
We can save you from

**10 to 20 Per Cent. on Fur Goods**

OF ALL KINDS.

Tweed Drivers for,	50
Imitation of Persian Lamb,	75
Northern Seal,	1 50
Persian Lamb (guaranteed),	3 50
Persian Lamb, No. 1 Quality,	5 00
Beaver,	5 00
Beaver, No. 1 Quality Extra,	12 00
South Sea Seal, No. 1 Quality,	18 00
Otter, No. 1 Quality,	18 00

We also have a few Fur Coats in Coon and Australian Bear which we will sell cheap.

Don't purchase until you have seen our goods.  
We invite inspection and defy competition.

Seeing is believing but feeling is the naked truth.

Yours for Fur Goods.

**W. T. HENRY & Co.**

Two Doors West of the Post Office.

THE

**Greatest Bargains**  
OF THE DAY are to be obtained at the  
**Manchester House.**

There you can buy Fur Goods, Blankets,  
Winter Jackets, Overshoes and General  
Dry Goods Cheaper than in any other store  
in Town.

Attention is also directed to a very fine assortment of  
**Ladies Winter Underwear also Winter  
Hats.** Over which Department MISS DOBSON presides.

Inspection cordially invited.

**W. JOHNSTONE WALKER,**  
Direct Importer of English Goods.

**MONEY TO LOAN**

On Improved FARM and TOWN PROPERTY. Mortgages and School Debentures bought.—LOWEST RATES OF INTEREST AND EASY TERMS OF RE-PAYMENT.

—Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company. Established 1855. Total assets \$12,000,000.00.—

S. S. &amp; H. C. TAYLOR, Apply to

W. S. ROBERTSON,  
Appraiser and Agent, Edmonton.**MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES FOR SALE.**

Sealed offers will be received by the undersigned for the purchase of all or any of the debentures of the municipality of the town of Edmonton to the amount of \$6,075 per pair, due in ten years and bearing interest from the first day of November, 1893, at five per cent, per annum, half yearly.

Edmonton, Alberta, 26th October, 1893.

A. G. RANDALL,  
Town Clerk.**COAL.**

Delivered to any part of the town at reasonable rates, full weight guaranteed. Orders solicited, Telephone Connection. W. HUMBERSTONE.

**FARMERS !!****ATTENTION !!**

T. W. LINES

—WILL PAY—

**Spot Cash**

FOR ALL KINDS OF  
GRAIN.

OFFICE AT—

W. FIELDER'S Warehouse.

**BROWN & CURRY, Fort Saskatchewan  
ALBERTA.**  
F. Fraser Tims,  
GENERAL COMMISSION, REAL ESTATE AND  
INSURANCE BROKER.

AGENT FOR:

Several Fire Insurance Companies.

Insurance effected in Town or County.

MANAGER FOR:

For Saskatchewan Townsite property.

Price of lots \$100 to \$500.

Free site given to R.R. Process flour mill, or

other manufacturing industry.

Business men looking for openings will find this good point.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

Improved and Unimproved farms close to the Townsite.

NOTE:

Fort Saskatchewan is situated on the Banks of the North Saskatchewan River, and is the centre of the whole District of Edmonton, which is supposed to be the best agricultural and stock raising District in the Canadian Northwest, and has the Beaver Hills as a back ground, making it the most picturesque Townsite in the West.

Anyone visiting Northern Alberta, should come and see

**Fort Saskatchewan**

Brown & Curry.

### FRIENDS NO LONGER.

Montana Liberal.

The attitude of the conservative press of this province toward the C.P.R. is no longer of that friendly nature that prevailed a few months ago. It is scarcely a twelvemonth since our contemporaries, the Review and the *Montana Monitor*, were of the opinion that we were not entitled to have lower freight rates by virtue of the bargain made with the C.P.R. company, and a demand for relief, for more favorable rates, never came from that section of the press.

If we had no right to ask lower rates a year ago, what circumstance has caused the conservative press that we have the right to do so now? No alteration or amendment has been made in the bargain with the C.P.R. The policies of the railroad company are less than they were two years ago, yet at that time the Review did not complain of excessive freight charges, as it does now.

The cause of this change of attitude in the Review and other newspapers of political stripe is not obscure. About two years ago the C.P.R. company concluded that it had got all the subsidies, land grants, etc., that the people would give it, and recognizing the fact that free trade relations with other countries meant greater agricultural and commercial prosperity in the northwest, in which prosperity it would largely share, decided to cease being a political factor. It also saw that with wheat yearly going down in price, something would have to give or the farmers would be ruined. The lowering of the freight rate on wheat would be so much gain to the farmer. A revenue tariff would also cheapen his purchases. The C.P.R. naturally urges the latter hoping that it will give enough relief to prevent a determined and restless demand for reduction of the freight rates. Its support being lost to the conservative party, it is easy to see that conservative newspapers would no longer regard it with so friendly an eye. These papers will find it a little difficult to square their reduced rates with their former assertions concerning the C.P.R. contract.

In marked contradistinction to the vacillating course of our tory contemporaries is the persistent demand of the liberal press for freight rates less ruinous to the Northwest. And notwithstanding the manifest desire of the C.P.R. company to turn public attention towards tariff reform alone, the liberal press will continue to demand more profits for the farmer and less for the railway.

### WINNIPEG FOR TARIFF REFORM.

Manitoba, or rather an important section of Manitoba, has been given its first opportunity of declaring the will of the people upon the tariff question, and a tremendous demand has been made for tariff reform. The by-election held in Winnipeg on Wednesday last, was fought out upon the straight issue of protection versus revenue tariff, and it is the first time that an election has been contested upon this issue in Manitoba. The result has been an overwhelming demand for tariff reform. The platform of the liberal party at the last general election, was so framed as to prevent Manitoba from expressing her wishes in the matter of tariff reform. Instead of coming out squarely upon the national issue of tariff reform, the liberal platform at the last election was "unrestricted reciprocity with the United States." This platform was anxious to the people of Manitoba and the west generally, and they preferred to endure the evils of protection for a season, rather than swallow the peculiar and obnoxious draft which a few alleged liberals had forced their party to endorse as its public policy.

The result of the election shows clearly what Manitoba demands. Any trade or other form of compact with the United States we will not have. That was settled by the voice of the people at the last general election. The young west feels the throb of national life too strongly to countenance for a moment any movement which would tend to make this country an appendage of the United States, either from a trade or any other standpoint. We wish to be on friendly terms with the people to the south of us, and we wish to trade with them with the greatest possible freedom; but this friendship and this trade freedom must be on a solid and independent basis and not on dependent and humiliating basis of commercial union or unrestricted reciprocity. We wish to trade with the United States as one independent nation trades with another, and we must do nothing to fetter ourselves in maintaining the same trade freedom with other countries than the republic. This is the will of the west. We rejected the policy of the liberal party most decisively at the last general election. We now declare as vigorously for a national tariff reform, which is the present platform of that party. It is not the people of the west (for Winnipeg undoubtedly voices in a less forcible degree the will of the west upon this issue) who have changed their views since the last elections. It is the policy of the liberal party which has been changed to conform with the will of the people. If the liberal platform at the last general election two years ago, had been the same as it is to-day, Manitoba would not have been forced into the distasteful position of voting to maintain the high tariff policy of the country; but there was no other alternative present.

The result of the contest in Winnipeg will only make it more evident to the liberal party that a great error was made when the party adopted a policy which it was thought a few leaders would be a good one to win the agricultural vote, though that policy was opposed to the true principles

and good sense of the people who called themselves liberals.

The majority of between 400 and 500 for tariff reform, in a conservative stronghold like Winnipeg, with every feature in favor of the government candidate, should echo and re-echo throughout the country. It proclaims the temper of the west with no uncertain sound, and it is given double significance coming immediately after the visit of the Dominion ministers to the west. Finance minister Foster has returned east with the report that the west will be satisfied with a few minor reductions in the tariff. Winnipeg thunders no to this false assertion. The sincerity of the ministers in the matter of tariff reform was seriously questioned here all along, and Mr. Foster's statements on his return east cast this impression. Happily they were made in time to receive a quick rebuke. The west cannot be appeased by a little tariff tinkering, no matter how hard Mr. Foster may strive to make himself and his colleagues believe it. Nothing short of a sweeping reduction of the tariff will satisfy the west, and it must come. In the face of Mr. Foster's assertions on his return east, that the west would be satisfied with some minor reductions in the tariff, there was no course left for the electors of Winnipeg but to repudiate his utterances. This they have done with vigor. Mr. Foster has spoken and Winnipeg has replied. Which verdict will the east accept?

### PRICES COMPARED.

An Emerson correspondent of the Winnipeg Tribune gives a comparison of machinery prices on both sides of the line at that point. The prices are on a time basis. It also gives produce prices at the present time:

American.	Canadian.
Walter Wood or Same machine on McCormick machine.	Canadian side... \$79 00
5 foot cut... \$59 00	
McCormick binder... \$25 00	Deering binder... \$20 00
Chester mowers... \$120 00	McCormick binder... \$10 00
Lumber wagon, full rigged... \$65 00	Lumber wagon, full rigged... \$60 00
Walking plough 14 in. wide... \$10 00	Walking plough 14 in. wide... \$10 00
Hay rack, 10 ft. long... \$25 00	Hay rack, 10 ft. long... \$20 00
Double sulky plow... \$14 00	Double sulky plow... \$14 00
Seeders, ordinary 16 in. 65 00	Seeders, ordinary 16 in. 65 00
Barb wire, best galvanized... \$5 00	Barb wire, best galvanized... \$5 00
Tinine, best Manila, per lb... \$2 20	Tinine, best Manila, 12 Jute twine, none offered... \$2 20
Jute twine, largely used... \$1 12	Jute twine, none offered... \$1 12
Cat oil, 10 gal. 15 less than Canadian... \$8	Cat oil in 5 gallon lots... \$8
Bob sleighs... 20 00	Bob sleighs... 20 00
Ordinary No. 8 cook stove... 15 00	Ordinary No. 8 cook stove... 15 00
Seating machine... 5 drawers, oak, walnut attachments complete... 20 00	Seating machine, 5 drawer, oak, walnut attachment complete... 65 00

Produce which farmers sell:

Per bush.	Per bush.
Wheat... 46	Wheat... 41
Oats... 36	Oats... 26
Barley... 28 34	Barley... 22
Potatoes... 39	Potatoes... 40
Flax... 88	Flax... 79

MAPS OF EDMONTON.

A limited number of lithographed maps of the Town of Edmonton for sale at 82 a piece.

JAS. McDONALD, Real Estate Agent.

Public Meeting.

A meeting will be held in East Edmonton School House on Tuesday evening December 5th at 7:30 o'clock to discuss Northwest Assembly matters. Electors of the district are invited to attend.

FRANK OLIVER, M.L.A., Edmonton.

### F. D. FORTIN,

DEALER IN

Books and Stationery of all kinds, Toys, Fancy and Sporting Goods, Razors, Trunks, Hair Brushes, Combs, Leather Goods, Musical Instruments, Fancy Crockery, Wall Paper, etc., etc.

CORNER MAIN AND QUEEN STREETS.

### FOR SALE.

The Hotel known as the Ontario House, South Edmonton, together with lot upon which it stands, the property of the wife of the late South Edmonton, Mrs. Smith, Sitter room and large dining room, and kitchen on ground floor, seven bed rooms, and sitting room on upper floor.

Apply to A. McNICOL,  
Administrator,  
Imperial Bank Buildings  
Edmonton.

Moore & Macdowall

[LIMITED]

Office Lafferty & Moore's Bank

Prince Albert and Edmonton

Lumber,

Shingles,

Lath.

C. F. Strang, Agent,  
EDMONTON.

Buy the Celebrated Columbus  
SKATE,  
Best SKATE made.

A full Stock of  
Sleigh Bells, Saddle Gongs,

Cooking and Heating Stoves.

American and

Canadian Coal Oil.

Stand and Library Lamps in  
great Variety.

ROSS BROS.

### South Edmonton.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

#### LEGAL.

MERVYN MACKENZIE,  
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ADVOCATE, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.  
Office—Whyte Avenue, South Edmonton.

#### MEDICAL.

D. BALDWIN, Office and residence, Hotel Edmonton, South Edmonton.

#### MARRIAGE LICENSES.

R. MCKERNAN,  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,  
SOUTH EDMONTON.

### Notice to Farmers.

—The Edmonton—  
Milling Co. (Ltd.)

are prepared to exchange Flour  
as follows:

32 lbs. Strong Bakers Flour, 10 lbs. Bran, and 3 lbs. Bran and shorts, but less flour for grades under No. 1 hard.

There is a big rush for our Flour now.  
Buy home made Roller Flour and keep the money  
"TO HUM."

There is a big rush for our Flour

#### Cash Paid for Wheat

All kinds of grain chopped with Burr Stones; charges moderate.

Dickson & Wilkie  
(SUCCESSORS TO S. PARRISH.)

GROCERY & PROVISION

#### MERCHANTS,

SOUTH EDMONTON.

Fresh Goods and Low Prices.

Fresh Eggs and Creamery

Butter. Winter Apples.

Don't forget the place, Corner West Railway Street and Whyte Avenue, opposite Hotel Edmonton.

NEW GOODS CONSTANTLY ARRIVING

EDMONTON TOWN LOTS  
in the vicinity of the Railway Station,  
FOR SALE. APPLY TO  
W. WILKIE.

Real Estate Agent, Hotel Edmonton, opposite Railway  
Station, or to  
OSLER, PAMMOND & NANTON, Winnipeg.

### NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned trading under the name of

W. H. COOPER & CO.

has this day by mutual consent been dissolved.

F. M. ROBERTSON will continue to carry on the business and will assume all liabilities and collect all accounts, which will have to be paid to him on or before the 1st December, 1893, or they will be placed in Solicitor's hands for collection.

W. H. COOPER,  
F. M. ROBERTSON.

Dated at Edmonton,  
13th November, 1893.

A large selection of

### WINTER HATS

—at—

Miss Charbonneau's

Latest Styles.

Lowest Prices.

Ladies and children's waists, and also hose.

All kinds of Fancy Work on

hand and made to order.

SURVEYING, &C.

The following are the charges for running lines on Sections, and locating corner posts, posts paying all expenses and assistance required:—

For Quarter Section and locating Center Post, \$5 00

For each Quarter Section, when 4 rods in one section, \$2 00

When two Quarter Sections join, held by different parties each, 3 00

When two Quarter Sections or portions of a section join and held by the same party, 5 00

When Surveyor finds his own help and pays all expenses, per running mile, 5 00

Government Sections located on unsurveyed Townships.

Plans of country road and other bridges with estimates furnished, general surveying and engineering on the most recent terms.

Correspondence by mail promptly attended to

Edw'd C. Dawson, B.C.E.,

Surveyor, &c.

Office South Edmonton, Alta.

In the Supreme Court of the Northwest Territories, Northern Alberta Judicial District.

In the matter of the Estate of Thomas Smith, deceased.

Upon the application of Andrew McNicol, the Administrator of the estate of the said deceased, and upon reading the petition, affidavit and other documents filed upon his application for letters of administration.

I do hereby order that all creditors and persons having claims against the estate of the said Thomas Smith, deceased, late of South Edmonton, in the District of Alberta, Miner, who died on or about the thirteenth day of May, 1893, do send in their claims against the estate of the said deceased to Messrs. S. & H. C. Taylor, of Edmonton, attorneys for the said Andrew McNicol, within six weeks after the first publication of this notice in the Edmonton BULLETIN.

I do hereby direct that this order shall be published in the said newspaper once in each week for four consecutive weeks.

And notice is hereby given that at the expiration of the time above fixed the said Andrew McNicol shall be at liberty to prosecute the debts of the deceased or any part thereof amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claimants to which the said Andrew McNicol has no notice, and that he shall not be liable for the estate or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons to whom the said Andrew McNicol has no notice, at the time of the distribution of the estate or any part thereof as aforesaid.

And notice is hereby given that at the time of the distribution of the estate or any part thereof as aforesaid.

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